S.S.C. PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS MODEL PAPER ENGLISH, PAPER-2

Time: 2 ½ Hrs. Max. Marks:40

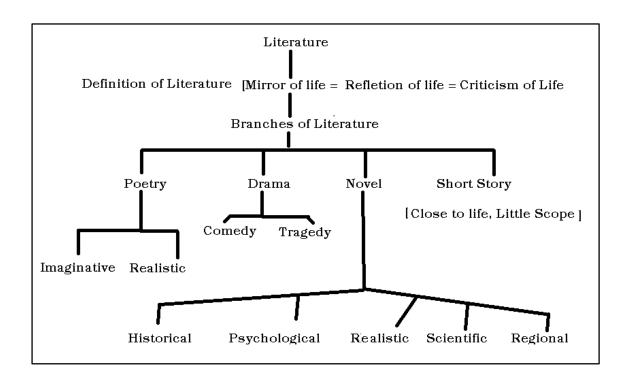
Part – A (25 Marks)

Instructions:

- 1. Answer all the questions under Part-A on a separate answer book.
- 2. Write the answers to the questions under Part-B on the question paper itself.
- 3. Start answering the questions as you read them.
- 4. 15 minutes of time is allotted exclusively for reading the question paper and 2.30 hours for writing the answers.
- 5. Part B of the question paper will be supplied along with Part A at the beginning of the examination.

1. Read the following tree diagram carefully.

5x1=5M



Now, answer the following.

- (a) How do you define literature?
- (b) What are the main branches of literature?
- (c) Which branch of literature has maximum number of sub branches?
 - (i) Poetry
 - (ii) Drama

- (iii) Novel
- (d) Comedy comes under
 - (i) Poetry
 - (ii) Drama
 - (iii) Short Story
- (e) . Choose the correct statement based on the information given in the Tree Diagram.
 - (i) There are four kinds of novels.
 - (ii) Poetry is imaginative and non-realistic.
 - (iii) Comedy and Tragedy are two wings of Drama.

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions 5x1=5M

Yoga is most important for everyone's life as it helps in balancing the relationship between body and mind. It is a type of exercise which helps in learning physical and mental discipline through regular practice. It was originated in India long years ago in ancient time. Earlier people belonging to the Buddhism and Hinduism used to practice Yoga and Meditation. Various types of Yoga are Raja yoga, *Jnana* Yoga, *Bhakti* Yoga, Karma Yoga and *Hatha* Yoga. Generally Hatha yoga has many *asanas* pracitsed by the people of India. A world level event is celebrated every year called International Day of Yoga in order to increase the awareness of yoga and its benefits among people all over the world.

International Day of Yoga or World Yoga Day has been declared (by United Nations General Assembly) to be observed on 21st of June after the suggestion and initiation from India. Yoga includes *Pranayama* and *Kapaal bharti* which are the best and effective breathing exercises. Yoga is a therapy which helps getting rid of illnesses slowly if practiced on regular basis. It makes some positive changes to the internal body and regularize the functioning of the body organs. There is specific Yoga for different purposes. What one requires is regular practice only.

Now, answer the following:

- (a) Why is Yoga important for every one's life?
- (b) Why is International Day of Yoga observed every year?
- (c) Which of the following is a breathing exercises of Yogna?
 - (i) Pranayama

- (ii) Hatha Yoga
- (iii) Jnana Yoga
- (d) Yoga can cure diseases
 - (i) when practised regularly
 - (ii) when practised occasionally.
 - (iii) when practised once in a year.
- (e) Choose the correct statement from the following sentences.
 - (i) Yoga cures off illness slowly if practiced regularly.
 - (ii) In earlier days Yoga was practised by Buddhists only.
 - (ii) World Yoga Day is observed on 21st July every year.

3. Read the following passage carefully and arrange the given sentences in meaningful order 5M

The Emperor of China had sent some peaches to the king of *Tondmandalam* with a note stating that the fruit gave long life to anyone who ate them.

As the fruits were being shown to the ruler, Raman, the minister of the king, giving in to temptation, picked up one of the luscious peaches and bit into it.

The king was enraged. "You've bitten into a fruit meant for me!" he thundered. "For this you must die!"

As Raman was being taken away by the royal guards he sighed dramatically and exclaimed,

"What a deceitful man the Emperor of China is! He says the fruit gives long life. I took just one bite and I'm about to die. O, what a fate awaits the one who eats an entire fruit!"

The king was greatly amused by Raman's wit. He pardoned him. He gave him a dozen of the peaches he had risked his life for.

Now, arrange the following sentences in a meaningful order.

- (a) The king of Tondmandalam was pleased with Raman's comment and left him.
- (b) Raman commented that the Emperor of China was a deceitful man because the man who ate the fruit would die like me.

- (c) The king became angry and ordered his soldiers to kill Raman.
- (d) The king of *Tondmandalam* received peaches which would give a long life from the Emperor of China.
- (e) Out of temptation Raman took one of the peaches and ate.
- **4.** (a) You have celebrated your school Annual Day recently. The local M.L.A. was the chief guest. Your school Headmaster/Principal arranged lunch for all the students. A meeting was convened in the evening which was presided over by your Headmaster/Principal. Message was given by the chief guest. Prizes were distributed to the winners. Cultural programmes were arranged after the meeting. You also participated in a skit.

Now write a letter to your sister describing the event.

5M

(OR)

- (b). Write a Newspaper report about the event of the Annual Day celebrations held in your school.
- 5. (a) Write a biographical sketch of Stephen Hawking based on the following hints. 5M

Stephen Hawking – born January 8, 1942, Oxford, England—Mother –Isobel Hawking—father—Frank Hawking – he—eldest one of four sons—he – recognized as a bright student at early academic life—third from the bottom –high school years—he—loved board games—constructed a computer out of a recycled parts at the age of 16—married Jane Wilde—he—suffered from Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis ---researched on Black Holes—discovered Hawking Radiation.

(OR)

5. (b) Write a story using the following hints.

5M

Four bulls in a field - very good friends - lion feared to near them - thought of a plan - said bad words against friends - then bulls grazed separately - lion killed one after the other - united - strength.

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Max. Marks:15

Part - B

Instructions:

Answer the questions in 'Part -B' on the paper itself.

repaired, show, loose, allegation, support, critics

This part of the question paper should be attached to the Main Answer Book of the student.

6. Read the paragraph and write the synonyms of the under lined words choosing from the words given in the box. $$4x$\\ $\frac{1}{2}=2M$$

Roberge does not <u>endorse</u> (a) the <u>accusation</u> (b) of Ray's <u>detractors</u> (c) that the n director made his reputation selling India's poverty to the west. "What struct most was not the material poverty <u>depicted</u> (d) in the films, but enormous spin poverty of some rich people is much more deplorable than material poverty."					
	Answers:				
	(a)(b)				
	(c)(d)				
	7. Read the paragraph and write the antonyms of the underlined words. $4x\ ^1\!\!/_2 =\!\! 2M$				
	In the <u>beginning</u> (a) it was <u>difficult</u> (b), but they soon <u>gained</u> (c) confidence and they became very <u>competent</u> (d) forester.				
	Answers:				
	(a)(b)				
	(c)(d)				
	8. Fill in the blanks with the right form of the words given in brackets. $4x \frac{1}{2}$ =2M				
	After spending a				
	5 Page				

returning) to my place of work after spending six months at home. The fact that I was to leave behind my newly-wed wife and go to a far-off place did not help either (d) (Obvious / obviously) I did not want to go.					
(a) (b)					
(c)(d)					
9. Complete the spelling of the words with 'ai', 'ie', 'oa', 'ae'. $2x \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ M}$					
Ours is a hilly terrn without any motorable r ds.					
10. Complete the words with correct suffixes given in brackets $2x \frac{1}{2} = 1M$ (a) Finally my father came up with a solu (sion/tion)					
(b) 'So this little dist (ence/ance) has tired you?					
11. Find the wrongly spelt word and write its correct spelling 2 x $^{1}\!\!/_{2} = 1M$					
(a) arogance, confidence, analysis, insight Ans:					
(b) bureau, announcement, primium, insurance Ans:					
12. Arrange the following words under correct heading $8 \times 4 = 2M$					
Datum, media, axis, bases, syllabus, erratum, theses, crises					
Singular Nouns Plural Nouns					
1					
2					
3					
4					
13. Use the following expressions in sentences of your own. 4 $X^{1/2}$ =2 M (a) Phrasal Verb: <i>take off</i>					

Ans:						
(b) Idiomatic Ex	pression	: at len	gth			
Ans:						
(c) Binomial Expression: rough and ready						
Ans:						
(d) Foreign Exp	ression:	magnu	m opus			
Ans:						
14. Match the fo	ollowing	one wo	ord substitutes with their meanings. 4 X $\frac{1}{2}$ = 2 M			
Part – A			Part – B			
1. stopover	()	(A) a person or thing that cannot be corrected			
2. verbose	()	(B) one who is the first to study and develop a			
			particular area of knowledge, culture etc.			
3. incorrigible	()	(C) an impressive entrance to a building			
4. intellectual	()	(D) using more words than needed			
			(E) a person of good understanding, knowledge and reasoning power(F) a short stay between two places in one's journey.			
			English Class V			
			English – Class – X Paper – II			
			KEY			
			Part – A			
I ait – A						
` '	oetry, Dra i) i)		or of life/reflection of life/criticism of life. ovel and short story.			

(a) because it helps in balancing the relationship between body and mind.

- (b) to increase the awareness of the benefits of Yoga among people all over the world.
- (c) (i)
- (d) (i)
- (e) (i)
- 3. Correct order: d, e, c, b, a
- 4. (a) Letter Writing:

Discourse indicators: Each indicator carries one mark.

- (i) Using language appropriate to the context.
- (ii) Using appropriate format.
- (iii) Expressing ideas sequentially.
- (iv) Maintaining coherence.
- (v) Conventions of writing (Punctuation, spelling and capitalization)
- (b) News Report:

Discourse indicators: Each indicator carries one mark.

- (i) Using appropriate headline.
- (ii) Writing appropriate lead sentence
- (iii) Presenting the body of the news and organizing the information.
- (iv) Using appropriate language (Reporting style, passivization, tense etc.)
- (v) Convention of writing (Punctuation, spelling and capitalization)
- 5) (a) Biographical sketch:

Discourse Indicators: Each indicator carries one mark

- (i) Presenting relevant ideas and information of the person.
- (ii) Organizing the information and data.
- (iii) Maintaining coherence.
- (iv) Using cohesive devices.
- (v) Conventions of writing (punctuation, spelling and capitalization)
- (b) Story Writing:

Discourse Indicators: Each indicator carries one mark:

- (i) Writing about setting and other details
- (ii) Containing a sequence of events or dialogues.
- (iii) Evoking sensory perceptions and images.

- (iv) Characterization and maintaining coherence
 - (v) Conventions of writing (punctuation, spelling and capitalization)

Part -B

6. a) Support

b) allegation

c) critics

d) showed

7. a) ending

b) easy

c) lost

d) incompetent

8. (a) leisurely (b) extended (c) returned (d) obviously

- 9. i) ai, ii) oa
- 10. i) tion ii) ance
- 11. a) arrogance b) premium
- 12. Singular nouns: datum, axis, syllabus, erratum

Plural Nouns: media, bases, theses, crises

- 13. a) Doctors take off their aprons as soon as they reach home.
 - b) We discussed our summer trip at length
 - (c) The new theatre is rough and ready.
 - (d) 'Missamma' is the magnum opus of Savitri.

14. 1 - F, 2 - D, 3 - A, 4 - E